WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE EIGHTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION, 2014

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 603

(SENATORS KIRKENDOLL, STOLLINGS, MILLER, FACEMIRE, CANN, EDGELL, GREEN, D. HALL, MCCABE, UNGER, KESSLER (MR. PRESIDENT), PLYMALE AND JENKINS, *ORIGINAL SPONSORS*)

[Passed March 6, 2014; in effect ninety days from passage.]

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[Passed March 6, 2014; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §22A-2-43 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to testing for the presence of methane in underground mines; requiring automatic deenergization or shut down of equipment when a machinemounted methane monitor indicates a methane concentration of one and five-tenths percent; and removing the requirement that the Board of Coal Mine Health and Safety promulgate a legislative rule defining the term "sustained period".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §22A-2-43 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. UNDERGROUND MINES.

§22A-2-43. Actions to detect and respond to excess methane.

The following actions are required to detect and respond
 to excess methane. Subsections (a) through (f) of this section
 pertain to methane testing with hand-held devices:

4 (a) Hand-held testing required. - In any mine, no 5 equipment or permissible diesel-powered electrical 6 equipment may be brought in by the last open crosscut until a qualified person tests for methane. If one percent or more 7 8 methane is present, the equipment may not be taken into the 9 area until the methane concentration is reduced to less than one percent. Thereafter, subsequent methane examinations 10 shall be made at least every twenty minutes while any 11 12 electrical or diesel-powered equipment is present and 13 energized.

(b) *Location of tests.* – Tests for methane concentrations
under this section shall be made at least twelve inches from
the roof, face, ribs and floor.

17 (c) Working places and intake air courses. –

(1) When one percent or more methane is present in a
working place or an intake air course, including an air course
in which a belt conveyor is located or in an area where
mechanized mining equipment is being installed or removed:

(A) Except intrinsically safe atmospheric monitoring
systems (AMS), electrically powered equipment in the
affected area shall be de-energized and other mechanized
equipment shall be shut off.

26 (B) Changes or adjustments shall be made at once to the
27 ventilation system to reduce the concentration of methane to
28 less than one percent.

(C) No other work shall be permitted in the affected areauntil the methane concentration is less than one percent.

(2) When one and five-tenths percent or more methane is
present in a working place or an intake air course, including
an air course in which a belt conveyor is located or in an area
where mechanized mining equipment is being installed or
removed:

36 (A) Except for the mine foreman, assistant mine foreman or individuals authorized by the mine foreman or assistant 37 38 mine foreman, all individuals shall be withdrawn from the affected area. If a federal or state mine inspector is present in 39 40 the area of the mine where one and five-tenths percent or 41 more of methane is detected, the federal or state mine 42 inspector and the miners' representative, if any, may remain in the area with the mine foreman, assistant mine foreman or 43 44 other individuals authorized by the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman. 45

46 (B) Except for intrinsically safe AMS, electrically
47 powered equipment in the affected area shall be disconnected
48 at the power source.

49 (d) Return air split.-

50 (1) When one percent or more methane is present in a 51 return air split between the last working place on a working 52 section and where that split of air meets another split of air or 53 the location at which the split is used to ventilate seals or 54 worked-out areas, changes or adjustments shall be made at 55 once to the ventilation system to reduce the concentration of 56 methane in the return air to less than one percent.

57 (2) When one and five-tenths percent or more methane is58 present in a return air split between the last working place on

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59 a working section and where that split of air meets another 60 split of air or the location where the split is used to ventilate seals or worked-out areas, except for the mine foreman, 61 62 assistant mine foreman or individuals authorized by the mine 63 or assistant mine foreman, all individuals shall be withdrawn 64 from the affected area. If a federal or state mine inspector is 65 present in the area of the mine where one and five-tenths 66 percent or more of methane is detected, the federal or state 67 mine inspector and the miners' representative, if any, may remain in the area with the mine foreman, assistant mine 68 69 foreman or other individuals authorized by the mine foreman 70 or assistant mine foreman.

(3) Other than intrinsically safe AMS, equipment in the
affected area shall be de-energized, electric power shall be
disconnected at the power source and other mechanized
equipment shall be shut off.

(4) No other work shall be permitted in the affected area
until the methane concentration in the return air is less than
one percent.

- 78 (e) *Return air split alternative.* –
- 79 (1) The provisions of this paragraph may apply if:

(A) The quantity of air in the split ventilating the active
workings is at least twenty-seven thousand cubic feet per
minute in the last open crosscut or the quantity specified in
the approved ventilation plan, whichever is greater.

(B) The methane content of the air in the split is
continuously monitored during mining operations by an AMS
that gives a visual and audible signal on the working section
when the methane in the return air reaches one and

five-tenths percent and the methane content is monitored asspecified in the approved ventilation plan.

- 90 (C) Rock dust is continuously applied with a mechanical
 91 duster to the return air course during coal production at a
 92 location in the air course immediately outby the most inby
 93 monitoring point.
- 94 (2) When one and five-tenths percent or more methane is
 95 present in a return air split between a point in the return
 96 opposite the section loading point and where that split of air
 97 meets another split of air or where the split of air is used to
 98 ventilate seals or worked-out areas:
- 99 (A) Changes or adjustments shall be made at once to the
 100 ventilation system to reduce the concentration of methane in
 101 the return air below one and five-tenths percent.
- 102 (B) Except for the mine foreman, assistant mine foreman 103 or individuals authorized by the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman, all individuals shall be withdrawn from the 104 affected area. If a federal or state mine inspector is present in 105 the area of the mine where one and five-tenths percent or more 106 107 of methane is detected, the federal or state mine inspector and the miners' representative, if any, may remain in the area with 108 109 the mine foreman, assistant mine foreman or other individuals 110 authorized by the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman.
- (C) Except for intrinsically safe AMS, equipment in the
 affected area shall be de-energized, electric power shall be
 disconnected at the power source and other mechanized
 equipment shall be shut off.
- (D) No other work shall be permitted in the affected area
 until the methane concentration in the return air is less than
 one and five-tenths percent.

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118 (f) Bleeders and other return air courses.-

119 The concentration of methane in a bleeder split of air 120 immediately before the air in the split joins another split of 121 air, or in a return air course other than as described in 122 subsections (d) and (e) of this section, shall not exceed two 123 percent.

124 (g) Machine-mounted methane monitors. –

(1) Approved methane monitors shall be installed and
maintained on all face cutting machines, continuous miners,
longwall face equipment and other mechanized equipment
used to extract coal or load coal within the working place.

129 (2) The sensing device for methane monitors on longwall shearing machines shall be installed at the return air end of 130 131 the longwall face. An additional sensing device also shall be 132 installed on the longwall shearing machine, downwind and as 133 close to the cutting head as practicable. An alternative 134 location or locations for the sensing device required on the 135 longwall shearing machine may be approved in the 136 ventilation plan.

137 (3) The sensing devices of methane monitors shall be138 installed as close to the working face as practicable.

139 (4) Methane monitors shall be maintained in permissible 140 and proper operating condition and shall be calibrated with a 141 known air-methane mixture at least once every fifteen days 142 and a record of the calibration shall be recorded with ink or indelible pencil by the person performing the calibration in a 143 book prescribed by the director and maintained on the 144 surface. Calibration records shall be retained for inspection 145 for at least one year from the date of the test. To assure that 146 147 methane monitors are properly maintained and calibrated, the 148 operator shall use persons properly trained in the
149 maintenance, calibration and permissibility of methane
150 monitors to calibrate and maintain the devices.

151 (h) Automatic de-energization of electrical equipment or
152 shut down of diesel equipment. –

153 When the methane concentration at any machine-mounted methane monitor reaches one percent, the 154 155 monitor shall give a warning signal. The warning signal device of the methane monitor shall be visible to a person 156 157 operating the equipment on which the monitor is mounted. The methane monitor shall automatically de-energize electric 158 159 equipment or shut down diesel-powered equipment on which 160 it is mounted when:

- 161 (1) The methane concentration at any machine-mounted162 methane monitor reaches one and five-tenths percent; or
- 163 (2) The monitor is not operating properly.
- 164 The machine may not again be started in that place until 165 the methane concentration measured by the methane monitor 166 is less than one percent.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

The within	 this

the, 2014.

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Governor